

Grade 8 Unpacked Math Standards – Measurement

8.M.1.1. Students are able to **apply** proportional reasoning to **solve** measurement problems with rational number measurements.

Webb level: 2

Bloom: Application

Verbs Defined:

Apply: use/write

Solve: calculate the solution for

Key Terms Defined:

Proportional reasoning: using proportions to solve a problem

Rational number: a number that can be written as a ratio of two integers

Teacher Speak:

Students are able to apply (use) proportional reasoning to solve (calculate the solution for) measurement problems with rational number measurements.

Student Speak:

Using rational numbers,

I can:

- * calculate the solution for (solve) a proportion.

- * write and solve a proportion for a given scale or a scale drawing (proportional reasoning).

- * write and solve a proportion for a word problem to find a distance that could not be measured easily (indirect measurement).

8.M.1.2. Students are able to **find** area, volume, and surface area with whole number measurements.

Webb level: 1/2

Bloom: Comprehension

Verbs Defined:

Find: calculate

Key Terms Defined:

Volume: the number of cubic units needed to fill the space inside the figure (rectangular prisms, rectangular pyramids, cylinders, and cones)

Surface area: the number of square units needed to cover the outside of the figure (rectangular prisms and cylinders)

Teacher Speak:

Students are able to find (calculate) area, volume, and surface area with whole number measurements.

Student Speak:

When given the formulas, I can calculate (find) the volume of:

- *rectangular prisms
- *rectangular pyramids
- *cylinders
- *cones

When given the formulas, I can calculate (find) surface area of:

- *rectangular prisms
- *cylinders

I can find the area of a figure that is made up of two or more squares, rectangles, or triangles (composite shape).

I can use the correct unit to label volume, surface area and area.